## ERRATUM

In the article "Identity of the cholesterol-raising factor from boiled coffee and its effects on liver function enzymes" by Weusten-Van der Wouw et al published in the April 1994 issue of the *Journal of Lipid Research* (Volume 35, pages 721–733), there was a typesetting error for the third and fourth entries in the last row of Table 4 on page 728 ("Unfiltered boiled coffee.") The entries appearing under "High Density Lipoprotein" and "ALT" should have been under "ALT" and "GGT (On Treatment)," respectively. The corrected table is shown below. We apoligize for this error.

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TABLE 4. Responses of serum lipids and liver function enzymes to consumption of boiled coffee, Arabica coffee oil, and Robusta coffee oil (studies 4 and 5), and mean differences in lipids and enzymes between subjects habitually consuming boiled coffee and subjects consuming filtered coffee (study 6)

Study No.	Treatment	Cholesterof <sup>a</sup>	Triglycerides"	High Density Lipoprotein <sup>e</sup>	ALT	$GGT^b$ (On Treatment)
			mg/dl	-	U/l	U/l
4	Unfiltered, boiled coffee' 95% CI P	8 ( - 13,29) 0.45	42 ( - 3,88) 0.07	-6 (-12, -1) 0.02	7 (~1, -16) 0.08	- 12 ( - 28,4) 0.13
5	Arabica oil [Lowest; highest] P	31 [25,35] 0.02	39 [34;44] 0.14	- 3 [ - 15;11] 0,56	14 [5,25] 0.01	0.13 - 1 [-2; -1] 0.30
	Robusta oil [Lowest;highest] P	28 [19;37] 0,09	40 [39;41] 0.21	6 [4,7] 0.01	9 [8;10] <0.01	- 3 [-6; -0] 0.16
6	Unfiltered, boiled coffee <sup>d</sup> 95% CI <i>P</i>	12 (3,21) 0.01	20 (-8,47) 0.17		1 (-1,4) 0.29	-6 (-11, -2) <0.01

Studies 4 and 5 were cross-over trials, but values represent the mean response during period 1 minus the mean response in a concurrent control group; period 2 was not analyzed because of carry-over. For studies 4 and 6, values in parentheses are 95% confidence intervals of the difference; for study 5 they are ranges, in brackets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>To convert to mmol/l, divide cholesterol by 38.67 and triglyceride by 88.54.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>GGT activity relative to control group after 4 weeks of treatment in study 4, 3 weeks of treatment in study 5, and chronic consumption of boiled coffee in study 6.

Unfiltered boiled coffee, n = 10; filtered boiled coffee, n = 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Non-fasting samples.